

GRAPHING SPARK DATA WITH HIGHCHARTS



Here we look at how to use HighCharts with Spark. HighCharts is a charting framework written in JavaScript. It works with both static and streaming data. So you can make live charts with it. And their collection of charts is a beautiful set of designs, made larger by the annual competition they hold.

HighCharts is free for non-commercial use. It is difficult to master unless you are a JavaScript programmer, so these people have written a framework around it, called [spark-highcharts](#).

One problem with that framework is that there is hardly any documentation. All they provide beyond a couple of examples are [JavaDocs](#). So you could bounce back and forth between that and the HighCharts [documentation](#). If you use it, send them an email and let them know that their community of users is growing. Certainly what they and HighCharts offer are far more options that are built into Zeppelin.

You will also want to study graph styles, as knowing about the different types of charts and the concepts behind them is probably more difficult than writing code to use them. For example, do you know what is a [funnel series](#)?

HighCharts and Zeppelin

You can use HighCharts in web pages, with spark-shell, and with Zeppelin. Here we use it with Zeppelin.

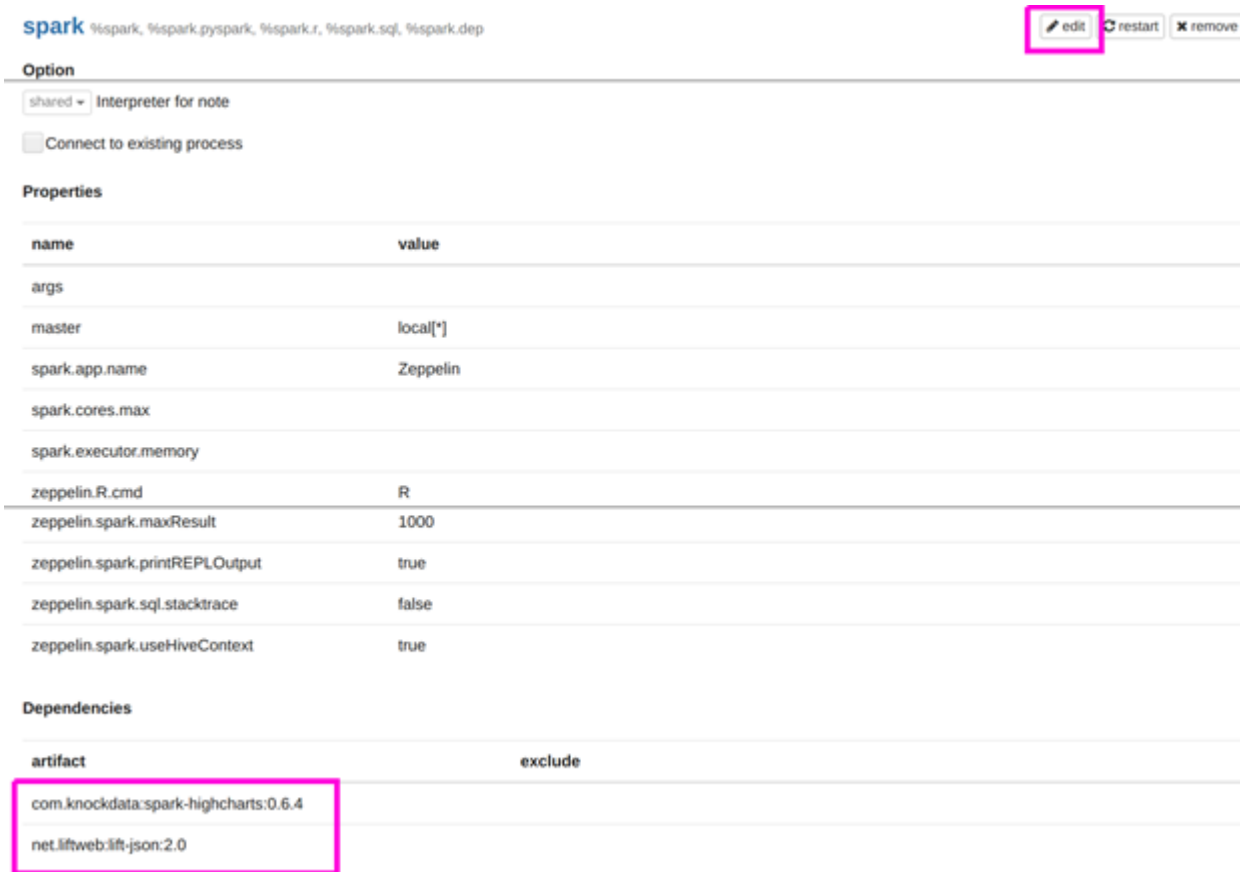
You can use this Docker command to download and a Zeppelin bundle with HighCharts already installed:

```
docker run -p 8080:8080 -d knockdata/zeppelin-highcharts
```

And use this to stop all Docker containers when done. But export your work as a JSON file first as it will be lost when you do that:

```
docker stop $(docker ps -aq)
```

The other alternative is to add these artifacts to the Zeppelin Spark interpreter for Zeppelin that you already have installed. What you are telling Zeppelin here is to reach out to Maven Central and download the Java code you need to make HighCharts work. (Plus it requires lift-json).



The screenshot shows the Zeppelin Spark interpreter configuration interface. At the top, there are buttons for 'edit', 'restart', and 'remove'. Below that, there's a section for 'Option' with a dropdown menu set to 'Interpreter for note' and a checkbox for 'Connect to existing process'. The 'Properties' section contains a table of configuration properties. The 'Dependencies' section at the bottom is highlighted with a red box and contains a table of artifacts.

name	value
args	
master	local[*]
spark.app.name	Zeppelin
spark.cores.max	
spark.executor.memory	
zeppelin.R.cmd	R
zeppelin.spark.maxResult	1000
zeppelin.spark.printREPLOutput	true
zeppelin.spark.sql.stacktrace	false
zeppelin.spark.useHiveContext	true

artifact	exclude
com.knockdata:spark-highcharts:0.6.4	
net.liftweb:lift-json:2.0	

Create a simple chart

I am not expert on creating aesthetically pleasing charts, yet. So below we make a simple series, i.e., a chart with an x and y axis.

The code is clear enough and is the same we used to explain how to use Zeppelin and Spark [here](#). We convert all the double to integers and then group them to have only a few data points of simple numbers. Otherwise the chart is too crowded and difficult to read.

```
import com.knockdata.spark.highcharts._
import com.knockdata.spark.highcharts.model._
import org.apache.spark.sql.types._
import org.apache.commons.io.IOUtils
import java.net.URL
import java.nio.charset.Charset
val data = sc.parallelize(
IOUtils.toString(
new
URL("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/cloudera/spark/master/mllib/data/ridge
```

```

-data/lpsa.data"),
Charset.forName("utf8")).split("\n"))
val schemaStr = "a b c d e"
val fields = schemaStr.split(" ").map(fieldName => StructField(fieldName,
DoubleType, nullable = true))
val schema = StructType(fields)
val parsedData = data.map( l => l.replace(","," ").split(" "))
def toIntSql(i: Double) : Int = { i.toInt }
case class DataClass(a: Double, b: Double, c: Double, d: Double, e: Double)
ar x = parsedData.map(b => DataClass( toIntSql(b(0).toDouble),
toIntSql(b(1).toDouble), toIntSql(b(2).toDouble), toIntSql(b(3).toDouble),
toIntSql(b(4).toDouble)))
var df = x.toDF()
df.createOrReplaceTempView(df")
var g = spark.sql("select a, b from df group by a , b")

```

The charting section, shown below, is fairly self-explanatory. What it shows is that the HighCharts works with data frames, not SQL temporary tables. The arguments you give depend on the chart type. Like we said, the documentation is sparse, but you could look at the spark-highcharts JavaDoc for the series chart [here](#) and definition of a series charts by HighCharts [here](#).

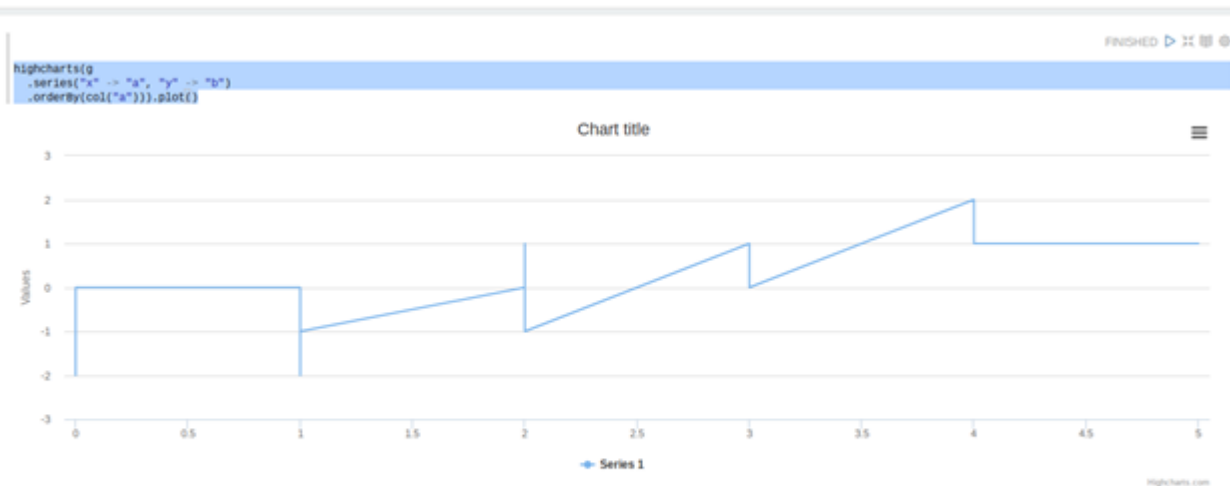
```

highcharts(g
.series("x" -> "a", "y" -> "b")
.orderBy(col("a"))).plot()

```

Here is our simple chart of x and y where x is the column a in the dataframe and y is the column b. Since it is a series, the x axis should be sorted.

Took 13 sec. Last updated by anonymous at July 13 2017, 1:17:23 PM



Took 3 sec. Last updated by anonymous at July 13 2017, 1:17:52 PM

```

import com.knockdata.spark.highcharts._
import com.knockdata.spark.highcharts.model._
...
df.show()

```

ERROR